

#PronouncingThingsIncorrectly: Initial phonological generalizations of a novel internet word game

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What is #PronouncingThingsIncorrectly?

An internet language game developed and popularized by viner Chaz Smith.

General format:

- Close up of face, "Pronouncing things incorrectly"
- Series of shots of text with mispronunciations



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General format:

- Vine is a social video microblogging platform. Users post videos of up to 6 seconds.
- Series of shots or text with mispronunciations



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Orthography:	Original transcription:	Mispronunciation:
original	ə' rɪdʒ ə nɪ	ɔr ɪdʒ 'ɒ nəl
skittles	' skɪt lɪz	skɪt 'tɪt ɪl ɪz
body	' bɒd i	' bu ti
wash	wɒʃ	wɪʃ
mayonnaise	meɪ ə 'neɪz	me ɒn nə nə 'æs i
pop	pɒp	pʊp
secret	' si kɪt	sɪ 'kɪt
diamond	' daɪ mənd	di ə 'mɒn di
cologne	kə 'ləʊn	kɒl 'ɒg ni

Data used in analysis

- 25 total words
- Three vines:
 - 7th: <https://vine.co/v/eBMZK0j1nLK> first →
 - 8th: <https://vine.co/v/em2wuYT26Vp>
 - 12th: Previous slide
- All take place in grocery store
- Earlier examples less regular second →



Phonological Characteristics

1. Vowel Harmony
2. Resyllabification
3. Stress Reassignment

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But what about number of syllables?

To correct for the mispronunciations having more syllables (and thus more chances for vowels to co-occur):

1. Only looked at multisyllabic words
2. Count how many different vowels there are in a word (types)
3. Count how many total vowels there are in a word (tokens)
4. Divide value from 2 by value from 3

A long word with complete vowel harmony has a lower score than a shorter word with complete vowel harmony.

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Examples

'daɪ mənd

1. Count how many different vowels there are in a word (types)
 - a. *aɪ, ə = 2 types*
2. Count how many total vowels there are in a word (tokens)
 - a. *aɪ, ə = 2 tokens*
3. Divide 1 by 2
 - a. *$2/2 = 1$*
 - b. *maximum value, no vowel harmony*

di ə 'mɒn di

1. Count how many different vowels there are in a word (types)
 - a. *i, ə, ɒ = 3 types*
2. Count how many total vowels there are in a word (tokens)
 - a. *$i \times 2, ə, ɒ = 4$ tokens*
3. Divide 1 by 2
 - a. *$3/4 = 0.75$*
 - b. *Some vowel harmony*

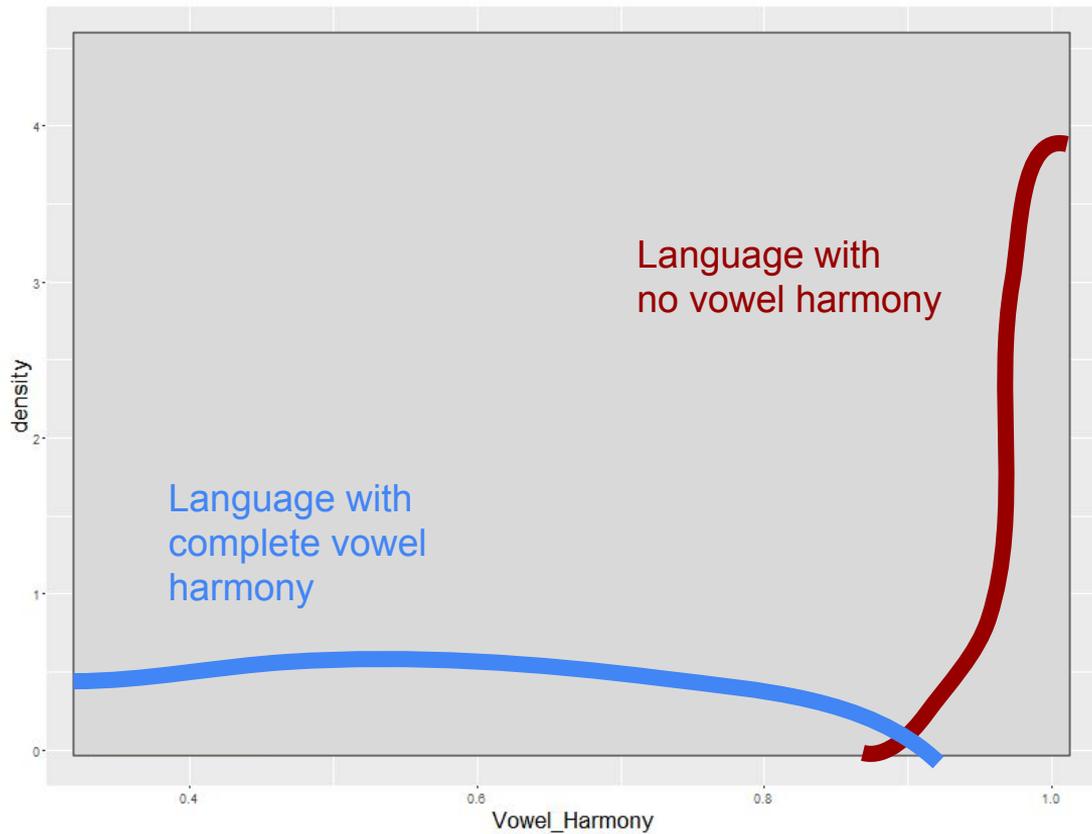
Examples

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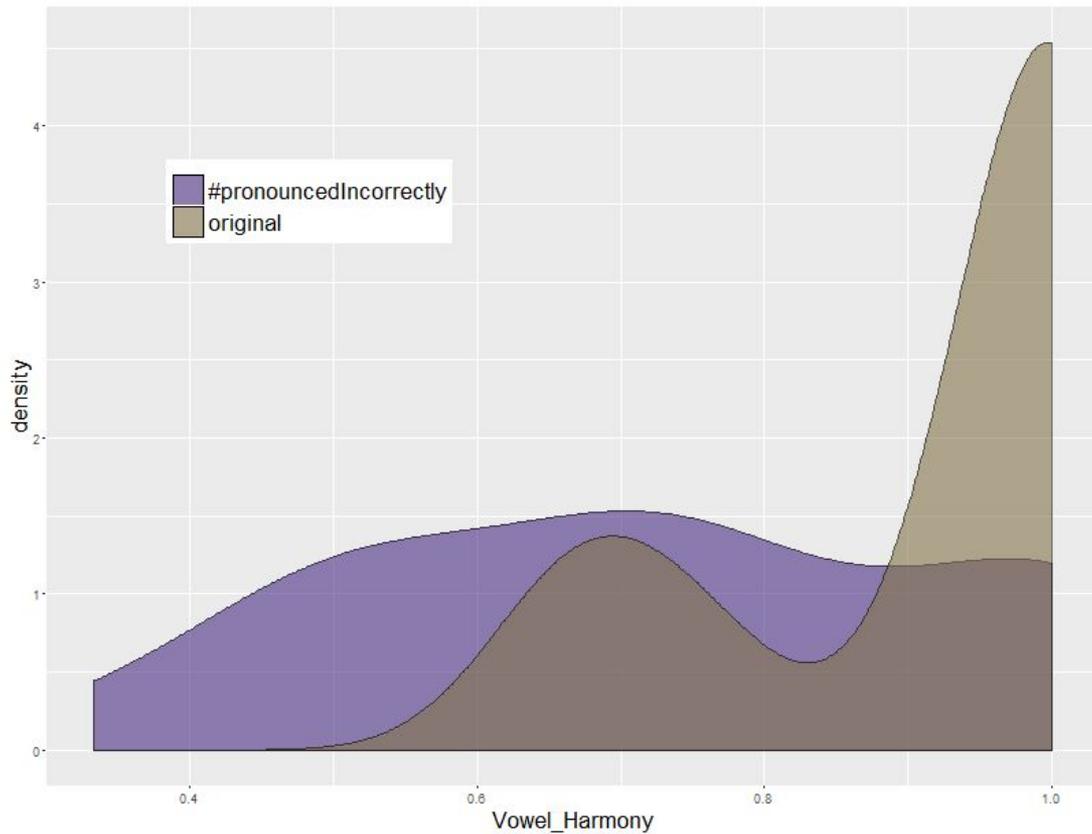
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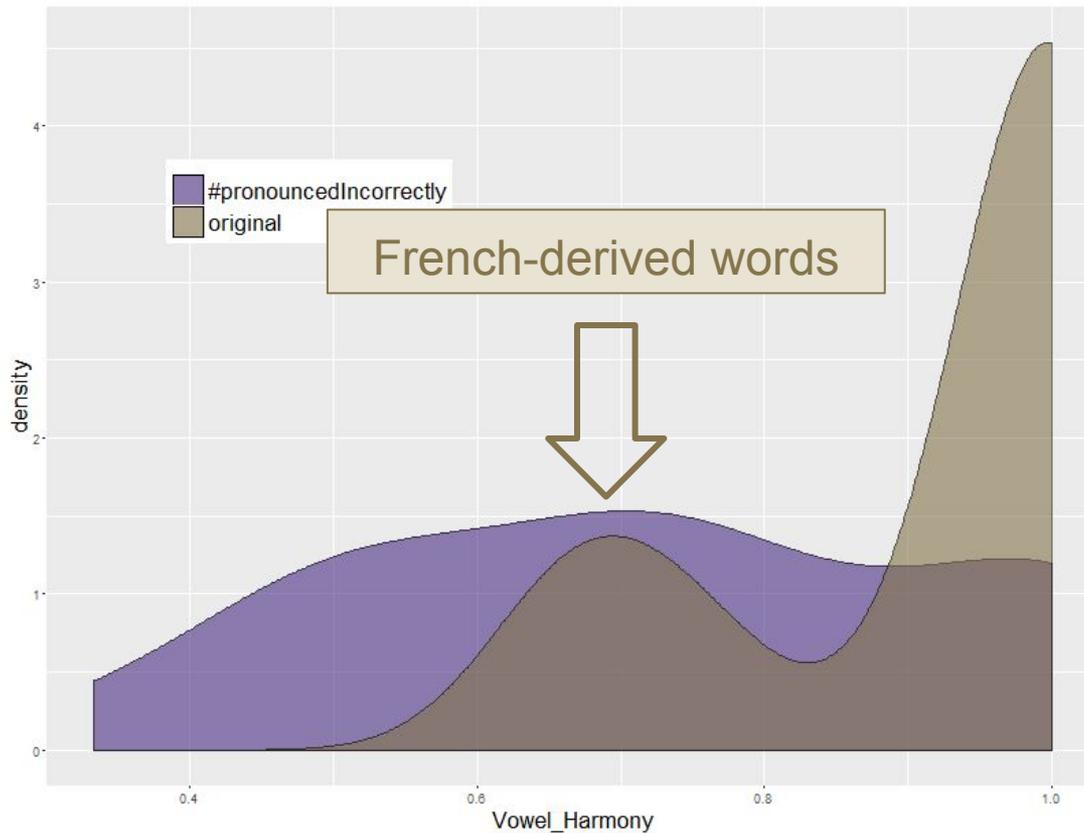
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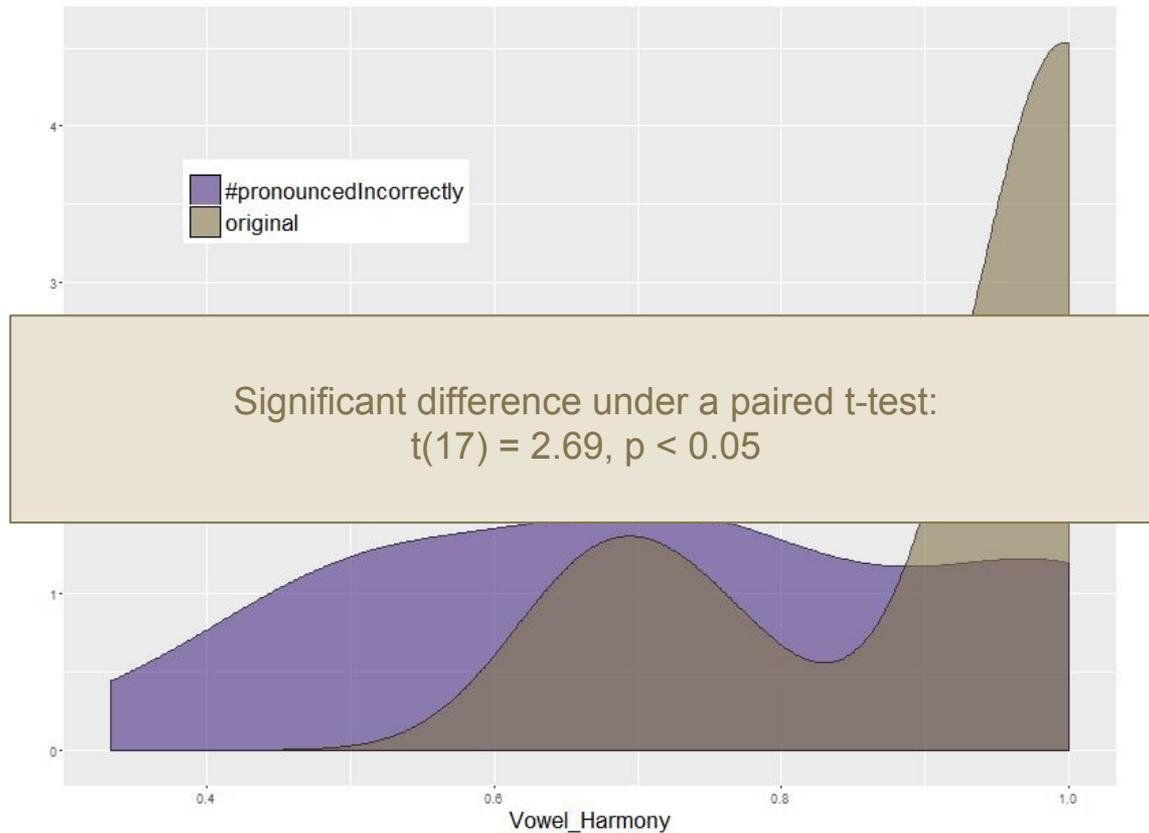
Hypothetical chart



Mispronunciations showed much more vowel harmony



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body	'bɒd i	'bu ti	--
wash	wɒʃ	wɪʃ	--
mayonnaise	meɪ ə'neɪz	me ɒn nə nə 'æs i	+3
pop	pɒp	pʊp	--
secret	'si kɪt	sɪ'kɪt	--
diamond	'daɪ mənd	di ə 'mɒn di	+2
cologne	kə'ləʊn	kɒl 'ɒg ni	+1

General Observations

- More syllables in mispronunciations
 - Average of 0.52 more syllables/word
- Shorter/simpler syllables
 - Maximum structure in original: CCVCC
 - Maximum structure in mispronunciations: CCVC
 - Most syllables ($36/57 = 63\%$) in original have codas
 - Most syllables ($38/70 = 54\%$) in mispronunciations *do not* have codas

AND:

- Relies on orthography

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AND:

- Relies on orthography (!)

Orthographic vowels & double consonants

Vowels:

"cologne" written with three vowels, pronounced with three syllables:

kə'loʊn -> kəl 'ɒg ni

Double consonants:

"Skittles" written with double consonant, gets an extra syllable:

'skɪt lɪs -> skɪ 'tɪt ɪl ɪz

But is the use of orthography reliable?

Yes!

Linear model that predicted # of syllables using:

1. Number of vowels + number of double consonants
2. Number of syllables in original pronunciation

Performed significantly better ($F(22) = 6.74$, $p = 0.016$) than one that only included syllables in pronunciation

Resyllabification is dependent on orthography!

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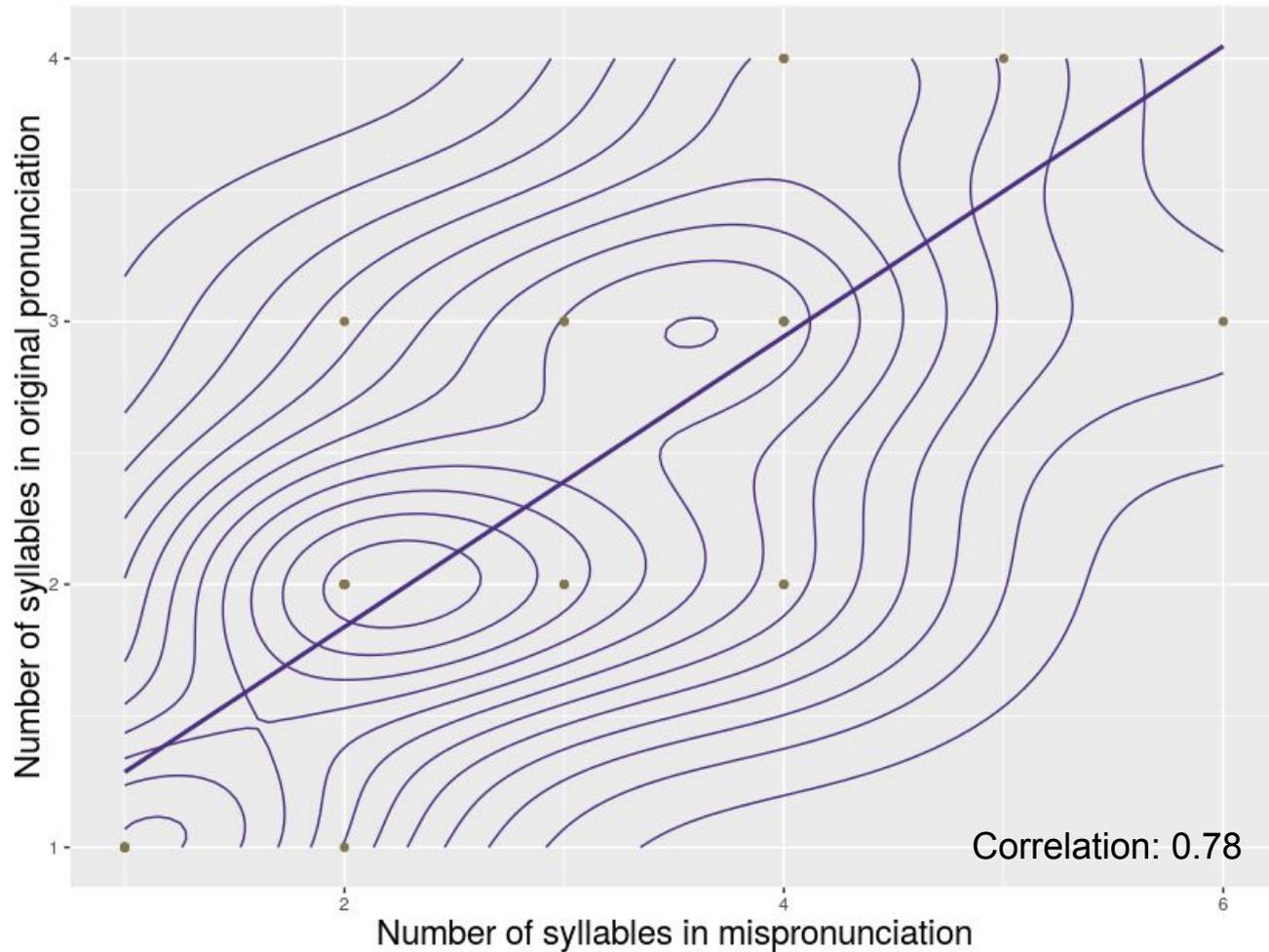
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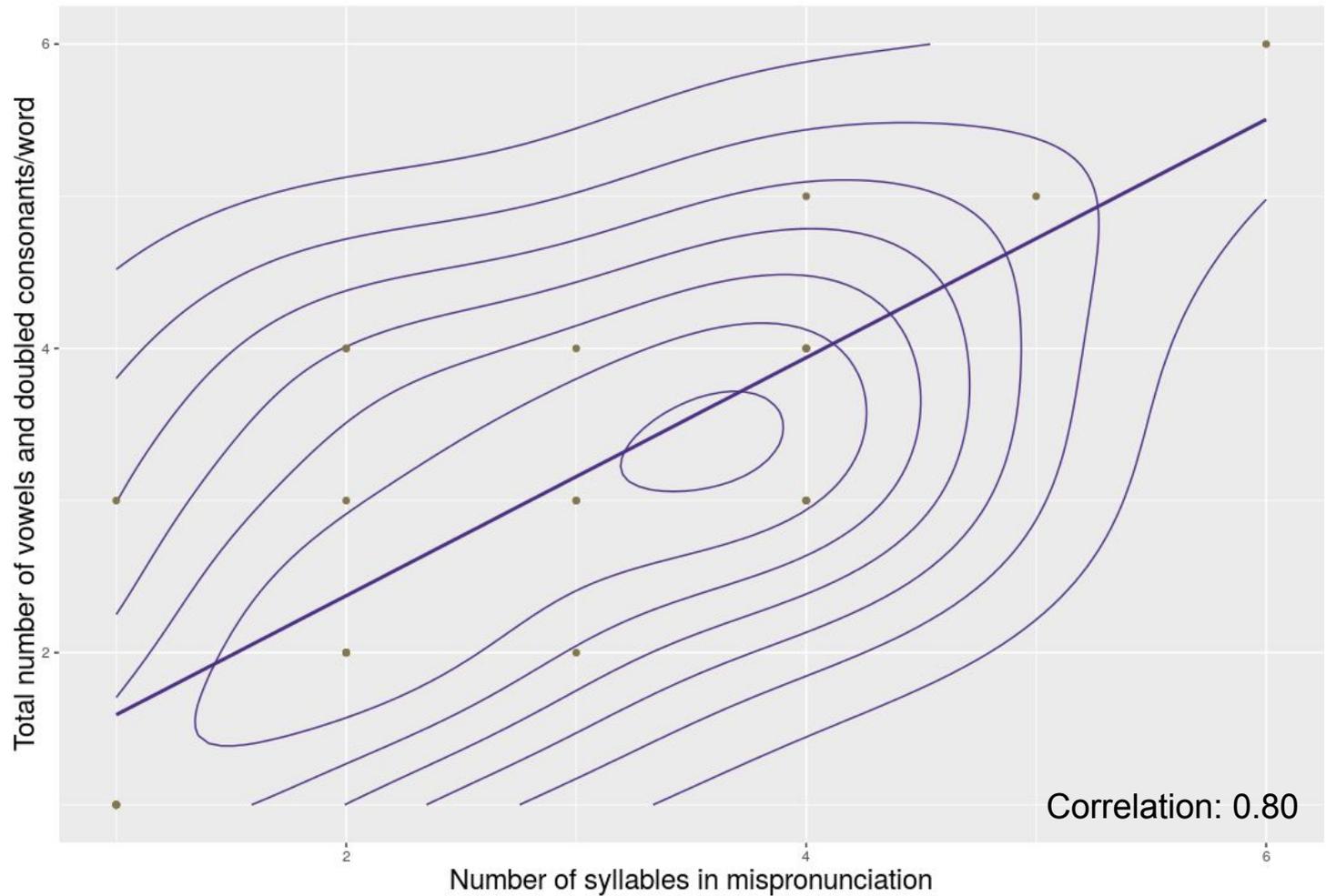
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Stress placement

Really pretty regular!

Stress assignment:

- Trochees
- From right edge
- Rightmost foot gets primary stress

Examples
(ɒr ɪdʒ) ('b nəl)
('bu ti)
lɪn ('ʃɒb les)
(me ɒn) (nə nə) ('æ s i)
(di ə) ('mɒn di)
kɒl ('ɒg ni)
(pi ʌk) ('si di)
(hɒ wɒ) ('i ɒn)

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Not completely regular, though

Some "problem cases":

1. "Skittles" ski 'tɪt ɪl ɪz
2. "jalapenos" dʒə 'lɑ pən ɒz
3. "secret" si 'kri:t
4. "Generation" 'dʒi ni i jə tɔɪn

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Although:

"Lunchables" -> lʌn ('tʃʌb lɪs)

"Cheerios" -> ('tʃwɪə ɪəs)

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Could be for humorous effect: was part of a phrase pronounced "poop secrete"

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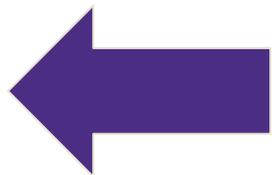
???

***Most* words follow pattern**

Really pretty regular!

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Accounts for over
90% of multisyllabic
data

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Are these completely regular?

Nope.

Often ignored if:

- There's a more humorous alternative
 - "pop secret" pronounced "poop secrete", violating stress assignment process
 - Really good example! <https://vine.co/v/ivgtdrmF32e>
- Another transformation takes place
 - "Glade" to "Ebola"
- Player is less fluent with game:
 - Many examples (both fluent and less-fluent) on #PronouncingThingsIncorrectly tag on Vine
 - <https://vine.co/tags/PronouncingThingsIncorrectly>

So what?

1. Possible experimental elicitation paradigm!
 - a. Especially for work on stress/syllabification
2. Highlights some pressures on English
 - a. Preference for regular stress assignment
3. Clear example of impact of orthography
 - a. Follows with experimental evidence (e.g. Welcome & Alton 2015)

What else?

Lots of possibilities!

- More complete analysis of vowel harmony, beyond just segment repetition
- *Something* going on with lax/tense vowels
- More data collection!
 - Note that Smith is familiar with this analysis, so it's possible that it may influence his future Vines
- Possible L1 effects?
- More formal analysis
- Others?

References

Smith, C. (2015, April) #PronouncingThingsIncorrectly Pt. 7 (IB Quinn And Joe) [Video file]. Retrieved from <https://vine.co/v/eBMZK0j1nLK>

Smith, C. (2015, May) #PronouncingThingsIncorrectly Pt. 8 at da groshwery stow [Video file]. Retrieved from <https://vine.co/v/em2wuYT26Vp>

Smith, C. (2015, September) #PronouncingThingsIncorrectly Pt. 12 [Video file]. Retrieved from <https://vine.co/v/eQvv79FP2nV>

Welcome, S. E., & Alton, A. C. (2015). Individual Differences in the Effect of Orthographic/Phonological Conflict on Rhyme and Spelling Decisions. *PloS one*, 10(3), e0119734.

Thanks!

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peroxide	pə'ɒksaɪd	pɪ'ɒksaɪdi
diamond	'daɪmənd	dɪə'mɒndi
mayonnaise	meɪə'neɪz	meɒnənə'neɪs
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hydrogen	'haɪdrədʒən	'hɪdɪdʒən
original	ə'ɹɪdʒənəl	ɒrɪdʒə'nəl
generation	dʒɛnə'reɪʃən	'dʒɛnɪjətʃən
grape	ɡreɪp	ɡræp
cheese	tʃiːz	tʃeɪz
nut	nʌt	nʌt
wash	wɒʃ	wɪʃ
pop	pɒp	pʊp

secret	'si kɹɪt	sɪ'kɹɪt
success	sək'sɛs	'sʌk kəs
cheddar	'tʃɛd ə	'tʃɪ tə
honey	'hʌn i	'hu ni
cheerios	'tʃɪə i ,oʊs	'tʃwɔ ɹɔs
tide	taɪd	'ti di
body	'bɒd i	'bu ti
lunchables	'lʌntʃ ə bəl z	lʌn 'tʃɒb les
tomatoes	tə'meɪ toʊz	to 'mo toz
seventh	'sɛv ənθ	sə 'vʌn ðə
cologne	kə'lou n	kɒl 'bɒg ni
Hawaiian	hə'waɪ ən	hɒ wɒ 'i ɒn

Does stress always move?

Nope!

About a third of the time ($7/19 = 36\%$), when both the original and mispronunciation are multisyllabic, stress doesn't move.

(If you count from left edge)

Examples:

"Body"	'bɒd i	->	'bu ti
"Honey"	'hʌn i	->	'hu ni
"Cheerios"	'tʃiəɹ i ɔʊs	->	'tʃwɒ ɹɔs